

THE PERSISTENT PERENNIAL RYEGRASS

A persistent and high yielding diploid perennial ryegrass. Contains the NEA2 endophyte for good insect pest control, including black beetle, Argentine stem weevil and pasture mealybug. It is late heading, has low aftermath heading, is persistent and dependable.

Raider NEA2: Well suited for farmers wanting both high performance and persistence under trying farming conditions. It is suited for sowing throughout the country in areas that have pressure from insect pests such as black beetle, Argentine stem weevil and pasture mealybug. Suitable for use with both cattle and sheep.

Low Endophyte: Suitable to use in cooler, wetter regions where insect pressure is minimal.



Agronomic traits

- Ploidy: Diploid
- Heading date: Late
- Persistence: 5+ years*
- Sowing dates: Autumn & Spring
- Sowing depth (cms): 1-2
- Sowing rate: 18-20 (kg/ha)

Benefits

- Very strong persistence relative to competitor varieties in industry trials
- Bred for improved animal safety
- Ocan be used anywhere throughout New Zealand
- Excellent disease resistance
- Available with NEA2 or Low endophyte



Raider is a proven diploid perennial ryegrass with NEA2 endophyte, ideal for dairy, sheep, and beef farms seeking high yields year-round, with robust cool-season growth and strong persistence against insect pressure.

CROPMARK SEEDS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS YIELD EVALUATION TRIAL, BURNHAM (SOWN 2018) (HUNDREDIZED YIELD RESULTS COMPARED TO MEAN)

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Variety	Autumn	Winter	Early Spring	Late Spring	Summer
Raider NEA2	107	102	107	106	100
Trojan NEA2	99	101	104	105	106
One50 AR37	93	93	96	100	98
Mean (%)	100	100	100	100	100
Mean (kg/ha)	2,188	836	2,231	3,192	4,359
LSD (5%)	193	99	193	262	471
CV (%)	6	8	6	6	8

Note: Breeding lines omitted from trial results

^{*}Subject to climate, insect pest pressure and management